

Chapter 5, lesson 3

Number _____ Name _____

Please watch the video on Edmodo and listen carefully – ancient egypt in the bronze age video

	Ancient Egypt	Ancient Mesopotamia
Which river(s)		
Where could invaders attack?		
What were floods like...		unpredictable
Egypt's floods had 2 results on Agriculture --	1. 2.	
What was the power or authority of the rulers like????	<i>Strong central government!!!</i> Pharaohs and priests could pretend to control _____ The pharaoh himself was considered to be a _____	

By 4000 B.C., what had the Egyptians invented? _____

What was the Egyptian calendar like? _____

QUOTE FROM VIDEO!!!!!! “The unique characteristics of the Nile Valley _____ Egypt, allowed it to _____ and encouraged _____”

What plant grows ONLY along the Nile River? _____

	Ancient Egypt	Ancient Mesopotamia
They wrote on what?		
Which was best? Why?		
Their building material?		
What happened to their monuments????		

Much of Egypt's primary sources SURVIVED! What Primary Source is referenced at 5:05? _____

At 5:22...Their 3,000 years of history is divided into _____

First 2 DYNASTIES in the ARCHAIC KINGDOM -- _____ the Nile Valley to build the _____ of Egypt and established _____ as their capital, built _____ & founded _____. _____ bureaucracies were administered (governed) by a well-developed written _____

Egyptian religion was _____. Their gods behaved like _____ but had the heads of _____.

From 2700 to 2200 B.C., it was called the _____ **Kingdom** and the Pharaoh was considered a _____ and _____ was his personal property. They used this ABSOLUTE power to create enduring works like _____. This culminated with the building of _____ and _____ by Khufu and his sons in _____.

The **FIRST INTERMEDIATE PERIOD** was marked by a _____ mostly because _____ were fighting for power. It was about 2 centuries of _____.

THE MIDDLE KINGDOM – the 11th and 12th regional (not centralized) dynasties _____.

They moved the capital first to _____. It ended with an invasion by the mysterious chariot driving people from the north, the _____.

The **2nd INTERMEDIATE PERIOD** consisted of a struggle between the _____ and the _____. After 250 years, the Hyksos were driven out by pharaoh _____ who created the _____ dynasty.

THE NEW KINGDOM was the APEX (or highest point) of _____. They began conquering territory along the _____. They subjugated (or ruled over) much of the _____ & _____ and pushed into _____. They were fought by the _____ for nearly 300 years and finally signed a _____ in **1274 B.C.** They relocated the capital again to _____ they built the temple complexes of _____ and _____. In the **NEW KINGDOM**, the pharaohs built _____ and not _____. What were the 2 reasons for this? _____

The priests in the **NEW KINGDOM** even wrote a handbook _____ that included the instructions on how to get to the _____. The pharaohs hid their tombs _____ in a place called the _____. Even though the Egyptian civilization was _____ it was the last to fall in the Bronze Age. They ultimately lost a long battle with the _____. Here are all the foreign powers that conquered the Egyptians over time – the _____, the _____, _____, the _____, the _____, the _____, the _____ and the _____. After they were conquered, Egypt had such a strategic _____ and abundant _____, awe-inspiring _____ & culture made it one of the most IMPORTANT civilizations!!!!